

1. About the enhanced mode P-MOSFET, (a) Plot the inverse channel at  $V_{SG} = -5\text{ V} < V_{TP} = -3\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SD} = -2\text{ V}$  (consider the voltage drop in the channel), and identify this device is working in the saturated or non-saturated region? Why? (7%) (b) while the  $V_{SG} = -5\text{ V} < V_{TP} = -3\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SD} = -3\text{ V}$ , does all the inverse channel fills between source and drain? Is the device working with the current? Why? (8%)
2. About the circuit shown in Fig. 1, the  $v_S$  is the sine wave with half-wave rectified, the diode with the forward voltage drop  $V_f$  and the  $R$  is several  $\text{k}\Omega$ . (a) Plot the input  $v_S$  and output  $v_O$  in two period within the same time domain, and identify which region is charging or discharging? (5%) (b) How does the charging speed is consistent with the  $v_S$ . (5%) (c) How does the discharging work and why does the output wave form ignore the input wave form until the next charging? (5%) (d) in detail analysis, does the discharging start from the  $v_S$  drop out of the peak value? Why? (5%)

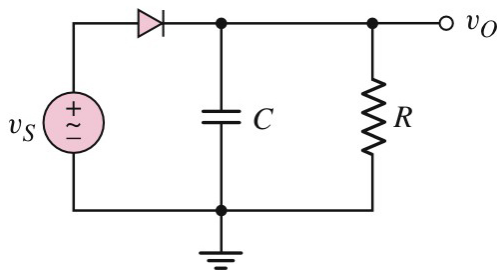


Fig.1

3. Calculate the transconductance of an n-channel MOSFET. Consider an n-channel MOSFET with parameters  $V_{TN}=1\text{ V}$ ,  $(\mu_n C_{ox}/2)=20\text{ }\mu\text{A}/\text{V}^2$ , and  $W/L=40$ . Assume the drain current is  $I_D=1\text{ mA}$ . (10%)
4. For the circuit shown in Fig.2, assume that  $R_1=30\text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_2=20\text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_D=20\text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $V_{DD}=5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{TN}=1\text{ V}$ , and  $K_n=0.1\text{ mA}/\text{V}^2$ .
  - (a) Calculate the drain current and drain-to-source voltage of a common-source circuit with an n-channel enhancement-mode MOSFET. (10%)
  - (b) Find the power dissipated in the transistor. (10%)

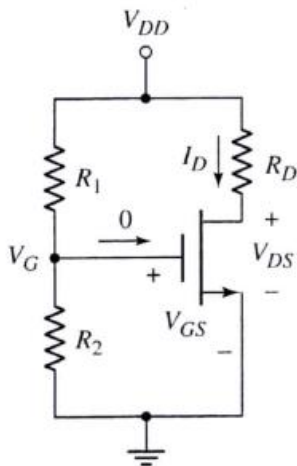


Fig.2

5. 如圖 3 所示之電路，其中所有電晶體之  $\beta=100$ ，求出每個電路之  $I_C$  及  $V_{CE}$ 。(15%)

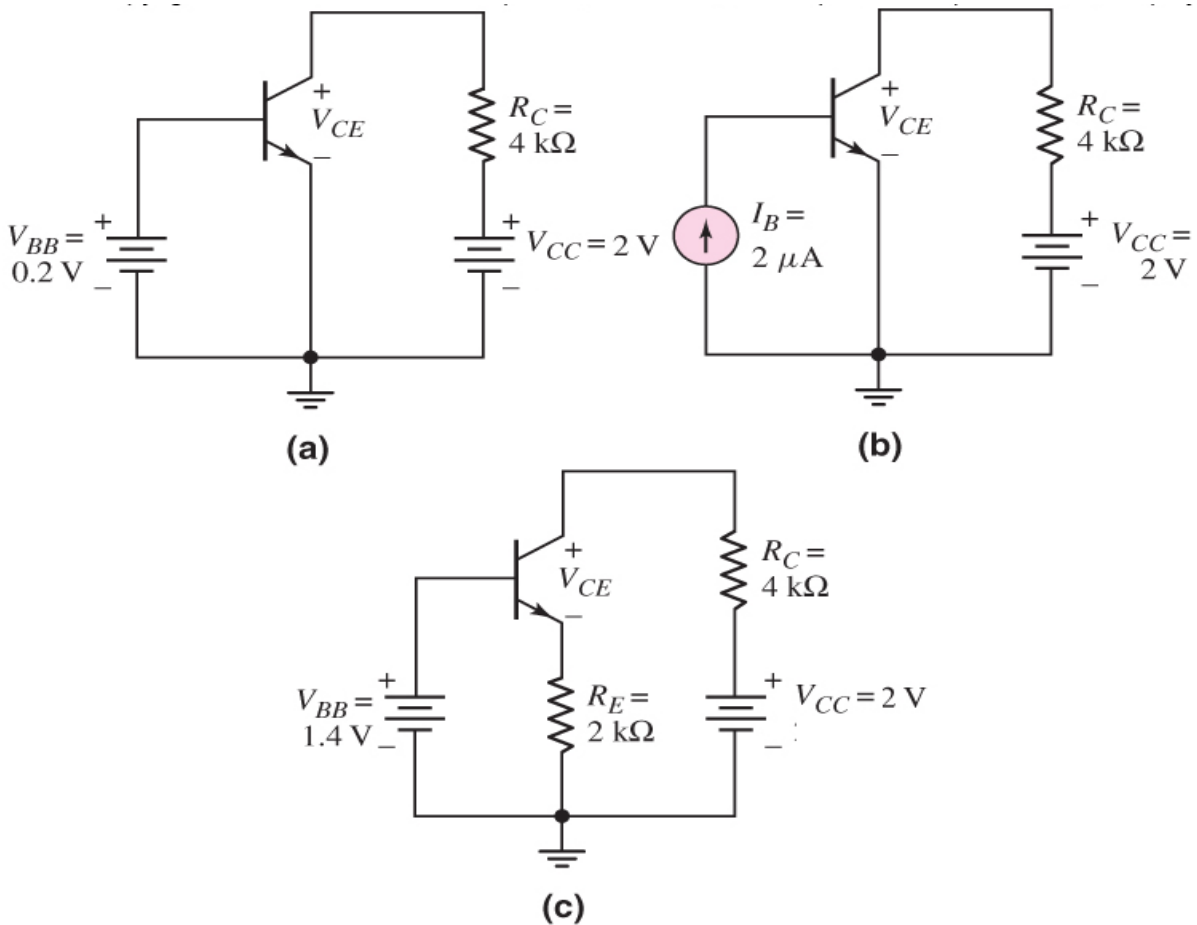


圖 3

6. 如圖 4 之電路， $\beta=150$ 、 $V_{BE(on)}=0.7\text{ V}$ 、 $V_A=\infty$ 。(a)找出操作點之  $I_{CQ}$  與  $V_{CEQ}$ ；(b)求小訊號電壓增益；(c) 求輸入電阻  $R_i$ 。(20%)

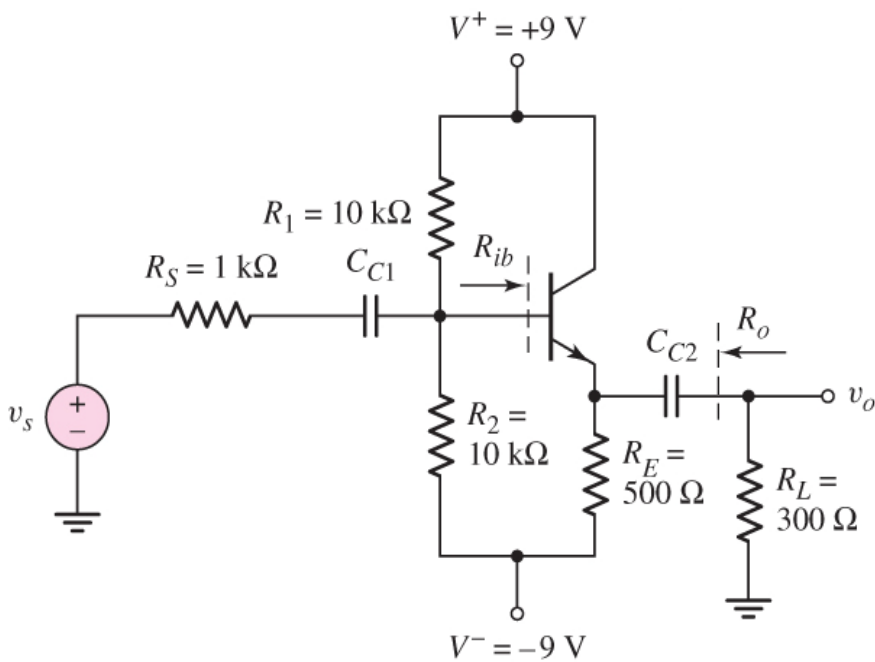


圖 4

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